Uncovering History: Archaeological Investigations At The Little Bighorn



Uncovering History: Archaeological Investigations at the Little Bighorn by Douglas D. Scott

★★★★★ 4.3 out of 5

Language : English

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Screen Reader : Supported

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Word Wise : Enabled

Print length



: 264 pages

The Battle of the Little Bighorn, also known as Custer's Last Stand, was a pivotal event in American history. On June 25, 1876, a force of Lakota and Northern Cheyenne warriors led by Sitting Bull and Crazy Horse annihilated a detachment of the U.S. Army's 7th Cavalry Regiment led by Lieutenant Colonel George Armstrong Custer. The battle was a major victory for the Native Americans and a devastating defeat for the U.S. Army.

In the years since the battle, the Little Bighorn Battlefield has been the site of numerous archaeological investigations. These investigations have shed light on the events of the battle and have helped to piece together a more complete picture of what happened that day.

The Early Excavations

The first archaeological investigations at the Little Bighorn Battlefield were conducted in the early 20th century. These investigations were largely focused on the identification and excavation of the remains of Custer and his men. In 1926, a team of archaeologists led by Jesse Reno uncovered the remains of Custer and seven of his men in the area known as Last Stand Hill. The remains were reburied in a new cemetery at the battlefield.

In the 1930s, the National Park Service began a more comprehensive archaeological investigation of the battlefield. This investigation included the excavation of the remains of the Lakota and Northern Cheyenne warriors. The remains of over 100 warriors were uncovered, and many of these remains were reburied in a new cemetery at the battlefield.

The Recent Excavations

In the 1980s, the National Park Service began a new round of archaeological investigations at the Little Bighorn Battlefield. These investigations were focused on the identification and excavation of the remains of the horses and other animals that were killed in the battle. The remains of over 1,000 horses and other animals have been uncovered, and these remains have provided valuable information about the events of the battle.

The archaeological investigations at the Little Bighorn Battlefield have helped to shed light on the events of the battle and have helped to piece together a more complete picture of what happened that day. These investigations have also helped to preserve the battlefield for future generations.

The Significance of the Archaeological Investigations

The archaeological investigations at the Little Bighorn Battlefield have been of great significance for a number of reasons. First, these investigations have helped to identify and excavate the remains of the soldiers and warriors who were killed in the battle. This information has been used to create a more complete picture of the events of the battle and to better understand the lives of the people who fought in it.

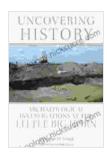
Second, the archaeological investigations have helped to preserve the battlefield for future generations. The careful excavation and documentation of the battlefield has ensured that this important site will be preserved for future generations to study.

Finally, the archaeological investigations have helped to educate the public about the Battle of the Little Bighorn. The investigations have been featured in numerous books, articles, and documentaries, and they have helped to raise awareness of this important event in American history.

The archaeological investigations at the Little Bighorn Battlefield have been of great significance for a number of reasons. These investigations have helped to identify and excavate the remains of the soldiers and warriors who were killed in the battle, preserve the battlefield for future generations, and educate the public about this important event in American history.

Archaeologists excavate the remains of a horse at the Little Bighorn Battlefield.





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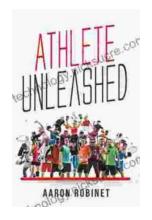
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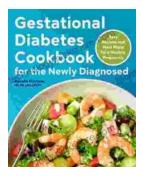
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